[APRIL, MDCCLXVI.] THE [NUMB. 17.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1766.

From the CONNECTICUT COURANT, of February 24, 1766.

AT a meeting of the Inhabitants of almoſt all the Towns in Litchfield County, convened by their Agents at Litchfield, on the ſecond Tueſday of February, 1766, for the Purpoſe of giving the cleareſt Manifeſtation of their fixed and moſt ardent Deſires to preſerve (as far as in them lies) thoſe inherent Rights and Privileges which eſſentially belong to them, as a free people, and which are founded on the unalterable Baſis of the Engliſh Conſtitution, and have been confirmed by the moſt ſolemn Sanctions---and of their Readineſs to promote (according to their Ability) the public Peace and Happineſs, which have been greatly diſturbed by the moſt alarming Infringments upon thoſe Rights,-- -the following Sentiments were unanimouſly agreed in.

I. THAT they entertain the higheſt Regard and Veneration for thoſe juſt and virtuous Reſolutions and Declarations, made by the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Colony, in October laſt, expreſſing the Duty and faithful Allegiance which they, and the Inhabitants of this Colony, owe to our rightful Sovereign King George the Third----- and thoſe Rights and Privileges which eſſentially belong to his Majeſty's Subjects in this Colony;---and likewiſe thoſe Sentiments reſpecting the unconſtitutional Nature of an Act of the Britiſh Parliament, for granting Stamp-Duties, &c. in the Britiſh Colonies, &c.

II. That they conceive to keep up, in the brighteſt View, firſt Principles and Origins of the Engliſh Government, and ſtrictly to adhere to the primary Inſtitutions of it, is the only ſure way to preſerve the ſame; and conſequently the Prerogatives of the Crown, and the Civil Liberties of the Subject, inviolate.

III. That they are not able to form a more perfect Idea of true Allegiance to his Majeſty, than what conſiſts in an inflexible Attachment to the forementioned Principles.

IV. That, in their Opinion, for any Power whatſoever, to claim a Right to diſpoſe of their Property without their Conſent, given in a conſtitutional Way, is, in Effect, to claim a Right to deprive them of all Property at Pleaſure.

V. That for innocent Subjects to be imminently expoſed to certain Ruin, by the Execution of any penal Statute, is, (they conceive) utterly irreconcilable with every juſt Idea of Freedom.

VI. That GOD made Mankind free (as being eſſential to their Happineſs) and as by his Bleſſing, the Advantages of Engliſh Liberty have been handed down to them from their moſt virtuous and loyal Anceſtors, ſo they will endeavour, by all reaſonable Ways and Means within their Power, uprightly to preſerve, and faithfully tranſmit the ſame to their Poſterity.

VII. That they really believe, without the leaſt Shadow of a Doubt, that ſaid Act, impoſing Stamp Duties, &c. is UNCONSTITUTIONAL, and therefore neceſſarily believe that the Obſervance thereof is not OBLIGATORY upon them.

VIII. That any Office for diſtributing ſtamped Papers in this Colony, appears odious and deteſtable to them as being, in its Operation, utterly deſtructive of their moſt valuable Rights.

IX. That if any ſtamped Papers ſhall be imported into any Part of this Colony (which they moſt ardently wiſh might never be) they hope the ſpeedieſt public Notice thereof will be given, that the ſame may be preſerved untouched for his Majeſty.

X. That if any Perſon in this Colony has repreſented that the People in it might, under any poſſible Circumſtances, become willing to have the aforeſaid Act executed upon them, or to have one Farthing of their Property taken from them, except by their own Conſent, given as aforeſaid; they are perſwaded that ſuch Repreſentation muſt have been the Reſult of extreme ſtupid Ignorance, or dictated by a malignant, apoſtate Spirit.

XI. That they will never ſuffer any Jealouſies to ariſe in their Minds, that any Perſon in this Colony is unfriendly to its civil Liberties, except upon the fulleſt, cleareſt, and moſt undeniable Evidence.

XII. That it is was never any Part of the Deſign of this Meeting to endeavour to bring about the leaſt Alteration in the Legiſlative Body of this Colony.

XIII. That whereas ſome very ignorant or diſſolute Perſons, may (in this Time of Perplexity) be diſpoſed to commit Outrages againſt the Perſons or Properties of others, or to treat with Diſreſpect and Inſult, the Civil Authority of this Colony; They do therefore hereby ſolemnly declare, that Nothing (except a Privation of their Liberties) could, or ought to fill their Minds with a deeper and more fixed Reſentment than ſuch Conduct---and that they will be always ready and willing to aſſiſt and ſupport, to the utmoſt of their Ability, the public Magiſtrates, in preſerving, in the greateſt Purity, the Peace and good Order of the Public.

XIV. That theſe their Sentiments of firm Allegiance to his Majeſty, and their ſtrong and unfailing Deſires to preſerve their conſtitutional Rights and Privileges, and to promote the public Peace, good Order and Happineſs---be publiſhed in the Connecticut Courant---and that this Meeting be adjourned to the third Tueſday of March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, to be held at this Place.

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

ANNAPOLIS, (Maryland) January 30.

LAST Month the Officer of the Cuſtoms at Oxford, was applied to, to clear a Ship then loaded with Wheat, in Choptank, who (being ſo inſtructed by his Principal) refuſed to do it; on which, Application was made to the Collector of Pocomoke, who, juſtly weighing the diſagreeable Situation of Affairs, concluded his Moſt Gracious Majeſty's tender Regard for the Property of his good Subjects, would not require IMPOSSIBILITIES of his Officers; and therefore ventured to give her a Clearance without Stamps, but refuſed to take any Fee, to avoid giving his Brother Officers any Umbrage, as the Ship was entered in another Diſtrict.

Since the above Paragraph was ſent for Publication, which was ſome time before Chriſtmas, we hear Orders have been ſent to Oxford Cuſtom-houſe, to clear out Veſſels without Stamps, certifying, that none are to be had, nor any Perſon to diſtribute them.

Veſſels clear out here, at the Offices, in the ſame Manner.

His Majeſty's Sloop Hawke, which brought the Stampt Paper intended for this Province, is yet here, and the ------- Vellum, Parchment, Paper, &c. lie ſtill on board.

PHILADELPHIA, February 27.

By a Gentleman, very lately from Virginia and Maryland, we learn, that the patriotic Spirit, with reſpect to the Stamp Law, ſtill ſubſiſts in theſe Governments, they being determined to a Man, ſeemingly, to oppoſe it as much as in them lies. And that their only Uneaſineſs ſeemed to be, that the Courts of Juſtice were ſtill ſhut, but in hopes that they would, or muſt, ſoon be open.

From Detroit our Intelligence of a late Date is, that all was very quiet there, the Indians being thought to be more attached now to the Engliſh Intereſt, than they were ever known to be before.

Extracts of two Letters from London.

December 12. "I have not ſeen Doctor Franklin lately, but I dare ſay he is uſefully, and I hope ſucceſsfully, employed in your Service. Had his ſalutary Advice been followed, all this Uproar with you would have been avoided.

December 14. "I ſaw Doctor Franklin Yeſterday, and found him under deep Concern for the preſent diſtracted State of America. No Father can be under more Anxiety for his Children. I don't know what People with you think of him, but I can aſſure you, from my own Knowledge, that ſome of thoſe in Power to whom he is known, and who admit, and even admire his natural Sagacity, and his Knowledge in American Affairs, think him too partial to his own Country. And yet his Enemies, I am told, look upon him as a Betrayer of its Intereſts. This is truly provoking, and is enough to cool the Zeal of the warmeſt Patriot; but, if I know any thing of his Diſpoſition, he is not to be diverted, by any Inſult or Injury done to himſelf, from following the Dictates of his Conſcience, which, as he poſſeſſes an Underſtanding enlightened in no common Degree, I dare ſay, will always prompt him to adviſe ſuch Meaſures (as far as he is conſulted) as moſt directly tend to heal the Diviſions, ſecure the Liberty, and reſtore the Happineſs, Commerce and Tranquility of America."

Philadelphia, March 6. We hear from Virginia, that a commander of one of his Majeſty's ſhips there, has declared, he will not moleſt any veſſel, for the want of ſtamp-paper, unleſs he has expreſs orders for ſo doing from England.

From Maryland we have advice, that on friday laſt a number of the Sons of Liberty were to meet at Annopolis, to endeavour to get the publick offices opened, and the courts of juſtice to proceed with buſineſs as uſual. And,

From Cecil county, in the ſame government, we learn, that laſt week the court was opened there, and buſineſs gone on with in the common way.

Extracts of ſeveral Letters from Barbados.

JAN. 23, 1766. "Your fears, with reſpect to veſſels being ſeized without ſtamp papers, are groundleſs, I being well aſſured that no veſſel is diable, nor ſhould I be in the leaſt uneaſy, if I had twenty veſſels at ſea without them."

Another Letter of the ſame Date.

"I informed the people of the town with the reſolutions of the Philadelphians, and their determination, not to ſend any veſſels here ſoon, on account of our tamely ſubmitting to the ſtamp-act, which occaſioned proviſions to ſtart ſurpriſingly in two days. I enquired of the proper perſons, if veſſels were liable to be ſeized that came without ſtamps, who told me there was not the leaſt danger, as they would be readily entered without.---My countrymen all ſeem uneaſy now, and are ſorry that they accepted of the ſtamps; and I really believe that if ſome of the leading men would ſhew an example, they would ſoon put an end to them."

JAN. 24, 1766. "The fears of many people with you, of a ſeizure for want of ſtamp-paper, is only imaginary, as they are not liable by the act; and veſſels have been entered here from Virginia, and other places, who cleared out, ſince the firſt of November, without ſtamp papers, as uſual before that fatal day.---The people here are much alarmed at the vengeance declared againſt them, for ſo readily admitting the ſtamp-law, and now begin to curſe it heartily."

There are many other letters from that iſland to the ſame purport with the above, the writers of which lament bitterly the conſequences of the ſtamp law being introduced among them, as they are already drained of their caſh by it, having no money to pay for any thing elſe, the duties of which, alone, it is ſuppoſed, will amount to about 26,000 l. a year. In ſhort, they ſeem in deſpair about the affair, every one blaming the other for his folly and ſimplicity, in accepting of the horrid act, and thereby becoming ſlaves; more eſpecially, as they were one of the firſt Engliſh ſettlements in America, and have a moſt excellent charter. And yet none of them have courage enough to endeavour to ſet it aſide.

Extract of a letter from Antigua, Jan. 21.

"I found not the leaſt difficulty ariſing from my papers not being ſtamped, as the people here in general, inſtead of calling us a d---n'd ſet of rebellious raſcals, now applaud the noble ſpirit, and grand oppoſition made by the once ſenſeleſs and inſignificant, but now great, North-Americans.---The ſtamps were diſtributed in this iſland about ſixteen days, much againſt the inclination of the inhabitants; not by the good gentleman who was appointed diſtributor, but by a man, who happened to be walking down to the water ſide, and ſeeing a bale of them lying on the wharf, altogether neglected for three days, took charge of, and diſtributed them, as long as he thought it conſiſtent with his ſafety."

Our other advices from Antigua are, that a gentleman of that iſland having applied to the general for a warrant for ſome land, the ſame was granted, but that it was refuſed to be paſſed by the aſſembly, becauſe written on ſtamped paper; which honourable body alſo rejected a petition laid before them, for the ſame reaſon: That the general, council and aſſembly, had joined in a petition to his majeſty, for relief from the ſtamp-act: And that all manner of buſineſs was carried on there without ſtamps.

Philadelphia, March 13. A Gentleman in Barbados, in a letter to his friend here, mentioning the behaviour of the North Americans, with regard to the Stamp Act, ſays; "It is a very impolitick law--To lay ſuch a load of taxes on a people oppreſſed in their trade, and groaning under their debts, was a ſufficient incentive, and juſt excuſe, for the moſt violent proceedings.---Every man is fond of liberty; and, when we ſee wicked and deſigning men endeavouring to introduce arbitrary government, by the moſt oppreſſive means, we cannot help being rouſed, and animated, to ſecure the ineſtimable jewel.---I much applaud the colonies for not obſerving the law, as a tame acquieſcence, without complaint or oppoſition, would certainly have given encouragement to more oppreſſions.---I wiſh, however, that every thing may be amicably terminated."

At a Court held for Northampton County, in Virginia, February 11, 1766.

"On a Motion of the Clerk, and other Officers of this Court, praying their Opinion, whether an Act, intituled, An Act for granting and applying certain Stamp Duties, and other Duties, in America, &c. was binding on the Inhabitants of this Colony; and whether they, the ſaid Officers, ſhould incur any Penalties, by not uſing Stamped Paper, agreeable to the Directions of the ſaid Act: The Court unanimouſly declared it to be their Opinion, that the ſaid Act did not bind, affect or concern, the Inhabitants of this Colony, inaſmuch as they conceive the ſaid Act to be unconſtitutional, and that the ſaid ſeveral Officers may proceed in the Execution of their reſpective Offices, without incurring any Penalties by Means thereof; which Opinion the Court doth order to be recorded."

NEW-YORK, February 20.

On Thurſday Evening the Sons of Liberty had a meeting, upon particular buſineſs.----About 10 o'clock a letter was communicated to the Company from a Son of Liberty in Philadelphia, expreſſing the utmoſt grief and aſtoniſhment, that in the city of New-York, where the inhabitants had ſo nobly diſtinguiſhed themſelves in defence of their rights and privileges, in oppoſition to the Stamp-Act, any perſon ſhould be found that had preſumed to take or diſtribute a ſtamp, and adviſing that a bond, on ſtamped paper, with a Mediterranean paſs, from a merchant in this city, had been ſent to Philadelphia, where they had reſolved to deſtroy it in the moſt ignominious manner.

Upon this intelligence, application was immediately made to the ſuſpected perſon, who declared, that he purchaſed ſaid bond, with a Mediterranean paſs and certificate, which he immediately incloſed in a letter, and ſent by the poſt to Philadelphia, to be forwarded to Maryland for a veſſel he was loading there. That he was not charged any thing for a ſtamp, and knew not that the bond was ſtamped, till after he had ſent it away.

It appeared alſo that he had afterwards, with another Mediterranean paſs and certificate, taken and executed another ſtamped bond, which he declared, as he paid nothing for the ſtamp, he did not conſider as having any relation to the ſtamp act.----That another merchant in town, with a Mediterranean paſs, &c. had alſo taken and executed a ſtamped bond.----But was not told nor knew that it was ſtamped.

That there were in all, 30 of the ſaid blank ſtamped bonds, with as many Mediterranean paſſes, &c. ſent to the naval officer in this city from London, without any mention of their being ſtamped, in the letter that accompanied them. And that the perſon to whom they were ſent, and who had diſpoſed of three of them as beforementioned, had received nothing for the ſtamps.

The morning after the firſt intelligence, the people who had been long quiet, in confidence of each others honour in not taking or delivering a ſtamp, were greatly incenſed againſt the authors of this breach, a multitude preſently aſſembled at the Coffee-houſe; application was made for the ſtamped bonds, which were all delivered, both thoſe that were filled up, and the blanks, and brought to the Coffee-houſe, where a fire was kindled by the perſon who made the firſt purchaſe of a ſtamp, and by him the whole were committed to the flames, and conſumed, in the preſence of ſeveral thouſand ſpectators.

Of the perſon concerned in taking and diſtributing theſe bonds, one entirely exculpated himſelf, by declaring upon oath, his ignorance that the bond was ſtamped; and the other two declared, upon oath, that nothing was paid or received for the ſaid ſtamps, and that they had not the leaſt intention or thought of complying with the ſtamp-act in buying or ſelling the ſaid bonds, &c. But notwithſtanding their declaration, they having, by ſuch proceedings, incurred the higheſt reſentment of the lovers of liberty, and well wiſhers of their country, they were required to ſtand forth in a public manner, and

confess their error, which on Saturday morning they did, by appearing on the common, before many thousands of the citizens, &c. and asking pardon for what they had done, professing their innocence as aforesaid, in such a manner as moved the compassion of the people, though before so much incensed, that it was with the greatest difficulty they were prevailed upon not to destroy their persons and effects, and it was entirely owing to the efforts and prudent conduct of the Sons of Liberty of this place, and one of a neighbouring province, who happened to be here, that they were preserved and protected. As the citizens have been highly exasperated by this inadvertence, should an attempt of the kind be hereafter made here, it is very certain, that not the least indulgence or countenance would be shewn them, but they must needs inevitably stand to the unhappy consequences that will inevitably ensue.

City of New-York, ss. LEWIS PINTARD, of the city of New-York, merchant, maketh oath, that on or about the 6th day February instant, he applied to Charles Williams, Esq; naval officer for the province of New-York, for a Mediterranean pass, to be sent to Maryland, for a vessel he had ordered to be loaded with wheat, for the Straits; who gave the deponent one, together with a bond, certificate, &c. which papers were delivered to the deponent, in about an hour's time after they were first received by the said Charles Williams, as the deponent understood, from on board Capt. Chambers's vessel, in which they were brought from England; Which bond, pass, and papers, the deponent immediately sent away to Philadelphia, to be forwarded to Maryland.

That at the time this deponent received the said papers, he did not know that the bond was stamped, neither was he informed of it till after he had sent the said papers away. That this deponent does declare, in the most solemn manner, that at the time he received the paper above-mentioned, he did not advert to the stamp-act, neither did he advert to it at the time that he signed a bond shortly afterwards, when he obtained another Mediterranean pass, and proper papers for another vessel that he was about to send from this port up the Straits, neither did he intend, by taking the above-mentioned papers, to give any countenance to said act.---And further saith, that when this deponent heard that the bond which he had sent to Philadelphia was stopped, and intended to be burnt, because it was stamped; he told his friends of it, and of his ignorance of its being stamped at the time he took it, and desired them to make it publick, lest his conduct should be blamed therein; That this deponent has, ever since he was acquainted with said act, and now does detest and abhor it, and has not done any thing with intention and design to enforce the same. But on the contrary he was one of the first merchants that sent out his vessels and property from this port, since the first of November last, with unstamped clearances; and further this deponent saith not. LEWIS PINTARD.

Sworn before me this 14th of February, 1766.
WHITEHEAD HICKS.

New-York, ss. PERSONALLY appeared before me Whitehead Hicks, Esq; justice of the peace for the said city, Charles Williams, Esq; who being sworn on the holy Evangelists of almighty God, deposeth and saith, that although he hath taken two bonds on stampt paper for Mediterranean passes, which accompanied the said passes from Europe, and executed in consequence thereof, that he received [illegible]yment or reward for the said stamps, nor did he mean or [illegible]d thereby to introduce or enforce the stamp act in this province; but did it with a motive to prevent his fellow subjects from being enslaved, if taken for want of said passes, and has delivered up the whole of the said stampt bonds which were in his possession. CHARLES WILLIAMS.

Sworn before me this 14th of February, 1766.
WHITEHEAD HICKS.

ACHESON THOMPSON, maketh oath on the holy Evangelists, that he is intirely ignorant of his ever having signed a stamped bond at the Custom-office, neither was he at any time informed by the officers of the customs, that any bonds he was to sign there were stamped.

ACHESON THOMPSON.

Sworn the 14th of February, 1766, before me,
WHITEHEAD HICKS.

N.B. Mr. Thompson's innocence appearing clearly to the citizens, he was not obliged to make any further confession, than the above affidavit.

New-York, Feb. 24. Copy of the Letter wrote by the Committee of London Merchants, trading to North-America, to the Lord Mayor, &c. of the Sea-Port and Manufacturing Towns in England, &c.

"LONDON, Dec. 6, 1765.

THE present state of the British trade to North-America, and the prospect of increasing embarrassments, which threaten the loss of our depending property there; and even to annihilate the trade itself, having occasioned a general meeting to be called of the merchants in this city, concerned in that branch of business;

As the gentlemen of your ------- and of almost every other maritime and manufacturing part of these kingdoms, must be affected by the distresses of North-American commerce, we have thought it our duty to acquaint you (as we now do by the copy inclosed) with our proceedings, as well as to ask your and their concurrence and assistance, in support of a regular application to parliament, or otherwise a petition from your body, and by all the interest you can make with your own members, and with the members in your neighbourhood, who, with all other landholders, we think greatly interested in the prosperity of trade and manufactures, from which so large an additional value is derived to their property. We desire to unite with you in a measure so essential to the best interests of Great-Britain, wishing to have your sentiments on the subject, through the course of which, we mean to take for our guide, the interest of these kingdoms,---it being our opinion, that conclusive arguments for granting every ease or advantage the North-Americans can with propriety desire, may be fairly deduced from that principle only. I am, with great respect, Sir, your most obedient humble servant,

BARLOW TRECOTHICK, *Chairman to the Committee of the Merchants of London, trading to North-America.*"

Regardless of the many letters from England, commendatory of Mr. Trecothick's assiduity, and unwearied diligence in behalf of the colonies, about their trade, taxes, &c. we have it from the best assurance that, notwithstanding his having been chosen chairman by the committee of merchants in London on the foregoing occasion, he was long before consulted by many of the first rank, touching his knowledge of America;---its trade, connexions, &c. which he gave with such perspicuity, judgement and solidity, as alarmed the enquirers,---gained him great applause from them;---and fell no ways short of the thanks of the American agents in England, for his stedfastness in endeavouring to support the interest of America: This joint approbation gave general satisfaction at home, and, out of doubt, will be esteemed by the Americans to carry the utmost weight in what they expect about their late applications.

We hear that Mr. Pitt, and Lord Camden, have declared it as their opinion, that the stamp-act is unconstitutional.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 27. *We have certain intelligence from Elizabeth-Town, in New-Jersey, that the magistrates and lawyers carry on their business in the law as usual without stamps. The same is done in many other places, viz. in some parts of North-Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, and the Massachusetts, in which last place, New-Jersey, &c. they intend, whether the stamp-act is repealed or not, in a few weeks, to proceed in all kinds of business, without regard to any unconstitutional acts; and in the governments of New-Hampshire, Rhode-Island, St. Christopher's, Antigua, &c. all kind of business in courts, &c. is already got into its usual course, without stamped-paper.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to his correspondent in New-York.

"*We are sorry to hear of the commotions that are already begun in America, and where and how it will end, none only will inform: You may think it would be best to be in England, but trade you must judge is very bad here, and am afraid we shall starve at home, by the unjust extortions we seek abroad. Our news-papers are full of complaints from the colonies, and that justly; but stand to it to a man; for I think you had better die for the cause of liberty, than to be tools and dupes at home.*"

Mr. HOLT,

Be pleased in your next paper to insert the following short address to the Sons of Liberty.

HOW shall I in a few words address you, O! you glorious Sons of Liberty! so happily in spirit by a kind providence united?----Remember you are now to consider yourselves as the only guardians and protectors of the rights and liberties of America.----Remember also, that the period draws near, when perhaps the important point in question, Whether America shall forever be enslaved, or remain free, must be finally decided. The same union therefore continued, together with a firmness and resolution not to be shaken, will be absolutely necessary in defence of the glorious cause of liberty, freedom, and just laws, against all opposition.----It is in this, and in this way only, you can promise yourselves success.----This I am well assured indeed you knew before, and much more; yet permit a plain honest countryman, in heart united, to wish intrepid perseverance, and a happy issue of this strange, but just, conflict, to be transmitted to posterity. SYLVANUS AMERICANUS.

NEW-YORK, March 6.

Extract of a letter from Quebeck, dated Jan. 22, 1766.

"Last post brought G-n---l M-rr-y his preparatory dispatches for his returning home; You may judge of his concern from the effects this intelligence produced.---Immediately after perusal, he was taken extremely ill, was twice blooded, and is at this time in a very weak condition. It was impossible he could receive a piece of more unwelcome news. Consider, Sir, the awful occasion of being summoned at a sovereign's command, to render account of an administration at a time the conscious soul feels the heavy weight of self-conviction. The people here rejoice much, and flatter themselves oppression, and partial acts of favour, will not any more be exercised in these parts.

"The soldiers barracks at Montreal, are burnt down by a late fire; if it had happened any other season, with the high wind of that day, the whole city would have been in danger of being destroyed, but its preservation was owing to the snow that lay on the tops of the houses, which prevented the fire spreading."

BOSTON, February 10.

Extracts from the Votes of the Honourable House of Representatives.

Jovis 6 Die Februarii, A. D. 1766.

THE House, according to the Order of the Day, entered into the Conduct and Services of the Committee on the late Congress at New-York: And after a Debate the Question was put, Whether the Reasons offered by Brigadier Ruggles, for his not signing the Petitions prepared by the late Congress at New-York, be satisfactory to this House?

It passed in the Negative.

Then the Question was put, Whether the Reasons offered by Brigadier Ruggles, for leaving the late Congress at New-York before they had compleated their Business, be satisfactory to this House? It passed in the Negative.

Resolved unanimously, That the Account given by James Otis, and Oliver Partridge, Esquires, of their Conduct, at the late Congress at New-York, is satisfactory to this House.

We have the Pleasure to assure the Publick, that the Honourable Justices of the Superior Court design to open their Court at the next March Term, and do Business as usual, the Circumstances of the Province being then as they now are. And,

That the Judges of Probate for the several Counties in this Province, have also determined to open their respective Courts, and do Business as usual.

FEBRUARY 13.

Mercurii 12 Die Februarii, A. D. 1766.

THE House again entered into the Consideration of the Conduct of Brigadier Ruggles, at the Congress at New-York, and, after a long Debate, the Question was put, Whether the House will proceed any further with respect to the Conduct of Brigadier Ruggles at the Congress at New-York. It passed in the Affirmative.

Thereupon Resolved, That Brigadier Ruggles, with respect to his Conduct at the Congress at New-York, has been guilty of Neglect of Duty; and that he be reprimanded therefor by the Speaker.

Jovis 13 Die Februarii, A. D. 1766.

Brigadier Ruggles appearing in the House, Mr. Speaker said to him as follows, viz.

Brigadier Ruggles, the House last Evening voted, that with respect to your Conduct at the late Congress at New-York, you were guilty of Neglect of Duty; and thereupon ordered, That you shall receive a Reprimand from the Speaker of this House therefor.

Sir, In Discharge of my Duty as Speaker of this House, and in Pursuance of their Order, I do reprimand you accordingly. Sir, it gives me very sensible Pain, that a Gentleman who has been heretofore in such high Estimation in this House, should fall under their public Censure. I hope, Sir, that by your future Conduct, you will not only regain the good Opinion this House have heretofore entertained of you; but also the good Opinion of all those whose Displeasure you may have fallen under on this occasion."

BOSTON, February 20.

Extract of a Letter from a noted House in London, to a Gentleman in this Town.

"We read with the most sensible concern, what you write us respecting the Stamp-Act, which if carried to the excess you speak of, may be attended with the most fatal consequences to those here that are most immediately connected in trade to your place, whatever it may do to yourselves. The present ministry, we are well assured, are heartily disposed to relieve the colonies in every respect. We recommend your immediately dispatching your vessels back to us, notwithstanding they may not be properly cleared out from your port, as we are strongly assured, from great authority, that they will meet with no molestation from the officers of the customs at this port. You may be assured we shall all put our shoulders to this great point, and get all the redress that is possible to be obtained. The ministry have the greatest desire of affording the colonies all the relief in their power, and a noble Lord in company declared, that in his opinion, the highest point of honour consisted in redress where an error was committed, and that he would do every thing in his power to affect it."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman of publick Character, who has been indefatigable in his Endeavours to obtain Relief for the Colonies, under their present Burdens and Difficulties.

LONDON, Dec. 27, 1765.

"*Having been all Day at the other End of the Town in your Provincial Service, I have only time to acknowledge your's, &c. and don't at all wonder at the alarm your Country has taken at your new Laws; we are equally alarmed here, and dread the Consequences that must attend both America and England, if they are not repealed. City and Country are in motion to assist you in obtaining a Repeal. The Merchants have chose a Committee to petition and attend Parliament; the numerous Sea-ports, and manufacturing Towns, and your Friend, will not be inactive; and I have the Pleasure to tell you, hitherto Things look with a favourable Aspect.*"

From an eminent Manufacturer, residing in the city of London, December 18.

"You will by this opportunity, if not sooner, have heard of the meeting of the parliament, and also have seen the king's speech---what will be the consequence no one can tell: I believe the great difficulty lies, to know how they can relieve you, and yet keep up the authority of government. The parliament thinks it a bad example and precedent to repeal that act, because the people murmur at it; and they rather fear the consequences, in case they insist upon its being put in force."

Divers sentiments seem to be contained in the last private letters from England, respecting the repeal or suspension of the stamp-act; some (and yet those whose wishes are no ways inimical to America) are dubious, or rather chuse to suspend their opinion about it, 'till the meeting of a full parliament (the number of members at their last meeting, not very far exceeding one hundred) whereas in a full parliament, the number may exceed five hundred.------Others remark, that in the parishes of Leeds, Wakefield, Bradford, Keighley, Halifax, Huthersfield, Rochdale, and a few of the nearest country towns, there are about five hundred thousand men, women and children, all engaged in one branch or other of the woollen manufacture; a prevention of the export of which, must prove greatly detrimental to them, should the colonies persist in the manufacturing their own cloths; and therefore doubt not the act will be repealed---especially, say they, as the present ministry seem greatly disposed to interest themselves in the welfare of the nation---and the marcantile part of it very studious to improve every advantage for this desirable end.---But however, seeing that all future events are uncertain, we can only submit it to the two most powerful arbitrators, perhaps, that the world can produce, viz. Time and the British Parliament.

A box of Mediterranean passes, for the use of the merchants of this province, arrived here about the first of January last; but it then appearing, that the bonds which accompanied them were printed upon stamped paper, they were every one of them sent away on the very day they came to hand, to be deposited with the other stamped paper at Castle William: Where said bonds now remain entire, as no officers here would venture to take them into possession, or to offer one of them to be executed.

BOSTON, February 27.

The Committee of the true-born Sons of Liberty for this Province, having received Information, that Captain Thatcher, who arrived here the Saturday before from Jamaica, had his Clearance on stamped Paper, issued the following Request, to one of their acting Members, viz.

Boston, 24th Feb. 1766.
Monday, XI o'Clock.

******

The Sons of Liberty being informed that a Vessel has arrived here with stamped clearances, from Jamaica, desire that you would go and demand in their name those marks of Creole slavery; and when you have obtained them, commit to the flames in King-street, this day at one o'clock; and for so doing this shall be your warrant.

Signed by order of the True-born Sons of Liberty,
M. Y. Secretary.

Whereupon the person to whom the above was directed, with a number of others, immediately on the receipt thereof, repaired to the vessel, and being told the captain was gone to enter at the custom-house, they proceeded thither; when the above warrant being shewn, the said stamped clearance was delivered to them; they then fixed it on a pole, and carried it to the lower end of the court-house, where they put the pole in the stocks, and exposed the paper to publick view, until the time appointed for execution: At one o'clock the warrant was read with an audible voice, the executioner then carried the guilty criminal to the center of King-street, and with a lighted match set fire to one of the S---p-A---s, and with that burnt the offspring of that hydra-headed monster. While the smoak was ascending, the executioner pronounced the following words, viz. *Behold! the smoak ascends to heaven, to witness between the isle of Britain, and an injured people!* Three cheers were then given, and the change clear in a few minutes, without the least disorder.

The above committee, ever intent on the good of their fellow-subjects, and determined to use their utmost efforts to prevent even the appearance of slavery, having heard a report that some of the badges were to be sent in Captain Kirkwood, who arrived here last Saturday from London, waited on him yesterday, to know the truth of said report; when captain Kirkwood declared to them, that he had absolutely refused to take them when in England; and that there were no American stamps brought in his vessel to his knowledge, which he freely offered to swear to, and accordingly an oath to that purport was administred to him in the court-house, by Mr. Justice

Dana, before a great number of witneſſes, who diſperſed in good order, after three cheers were given.

The publiſhers hereof, having, for the firſt time ſince November commenced, received ſeveral Halifax papers, with a bloody red ſtamp on each, as terrible as death to printers, being two daggers through a crown, or under it, and the points toward the word America on the top, thought not proper to harbour ſuch unwelcome gueſts, therefore immediately diſpatched them to the committee of the True-born Sons of Liberty, to do with them as they may judge meet.

Friday laſt capt. Cochran arrived here from Monto-Chriſto, who informs, that the Spaniſh governor had ordered all the Engliſh veſſels there to depart from thence, which they were obliged immediately to comply with, to prevent being ſeized. Several of them who were not loaded, it is ſaid, went to Turk's-iſland.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 8.

MONDAY laſt, being Eaſter-Monday, the following Pariſh and other Officers were elected, viz.

Church-Wardens for the Pariſh of St. Philip. Mr. John Wragg, Mr. George Sheed. *Veſtrymen.* Benj. Smith, Eſq; Gabriel Manigault, Eſq; Mr. George Seaman, Mr. Thomas Smith, jun. William Scott, Eſq; Mr. Daniel Cannon, Mr. John Logan.

Fire-Maſters. Gabriel Manigault, Eſq; Benjamin Smith, Eſq; Mr. Thomas Smith, jun. Mr. George Sheed, Mr. William Ancrum.

Commiſſioners of Markets and Work-Houſe. Mr. John Dart, Mr. Benj. Roberts, Mr. Edward Davis, Mr. John Nowell, Mr. Robert Philp.

Wood-Meaſurers. Mr. Peter Sanders, Mr. John Cart, Mr. John Boomer.

Packers. Mr. Michael Thompſon, Mr. Samuel Fley, Mr. George Kincaid, Mr. Chriſtian Gruber, Mr. William Buſhell, Mr. Thomas Vardell.

A remarkable Comet has been ſeen theſe two Nights paſt, N. W. of the Pleiades, near the Fly, emiting a very thick buſhy Tail.

Captain William Carter, of the Ship Anne, belonging to Briſtol, who arrived here the 29th ult. ſpoke the Snow Jane, from Cadiz for Cape-Fear, in the Lat. 32: 13: N. and Lon. 75: 52: W. all well.

On Sunday laſt his Majeſty's Ship Eſcorte, Capt. Folley, arrived here from New-Providence.

The ſame Day the new Brig Philadelphia Packet, belonging to this Port, Francis Johnſon, Maſter, ſailed for Philadelphia; in whom went Paſſenger Mr. George Sheed, of this Town, Merchant, one of the Owners.

ARRIVALS from this Port. The Captains Murphy and Smith, at London.

April CUSTOM-HOUSE. ENTRIES INWARD. *From*

2d.	Sloop Hope, Charles Henry,	Antigua
	Brig Charlotte, Peter Maingy,	Cowes
	Sloop Nancy, Thomas Farmer,	Montſerrat
3d.	Brig Charleſtown Packet, Th. Eaſtwick,	Philadelphia
	Ship Anne, William Carter,	St. Chriſtophers
	Brig Free-Maſon, Alexander Gillon,	Newcaſtle
4th.	Sloop Eliſabeth, James Harvey,	New-York
	Snow Warborn, Joſeph Olive,	Majorca
	Schooner Nancy, John Sturrup,	New-Providence

ENTRIES OUTWARD. *For*

2d.	Sloop Nancy, Thomas Farmer,	Montſerrat
	Brig Dolphin, George Beſt,	Poole
	Ship Liberty, Robert Livingſton,	Leverpool
	Ship Anne, William Carter,	Barbados
	Ship Prince Frederick, Valentine Baker,	Briſtol
3d.	Brig Charleſtown Packet, Th. Eaſtwick,	Philadelphia
	Ship Britiſh King, Francis Hogg,	Fowey
	Ship Jeſſe, Joſhua Winſlow,	Leverpoole
4th.	Sloop Centaur, William Carlile,	St. Euſtatia
	Snow Warborn, Joſeph Olive,	London
	Sloop King George, James Kay,	Penſacola
	Brig Eagle, Jeremiah Burrows,	Portſmouth
7th.	Snow Little Joſeph, Timothy Kennedy,	Liſbon

CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. *For*

2ſt.	Sloop American, Wanton Stover,	Caſco-Bay
	Sloop Two-Brothers, Ebenezer Hilton,	ditto
2d.	Brig Polly, John Bartlett,	Guadaloupe
3d.	Sloop Ranging-Sally, William Stevens,	No. Carolina
	Snow Richard & Sarah, Daniel Mara,	ditto
	Ship Polly, Robert Porter,	Cowes
	Sloop Diana, James Rogers,	Grenada
4th.	Brig Carolina, Hugh Stephenſon,	Fowey
	Brig Philadelphia Packet, Fra. Johnſon,	Philadelphia
	Ship Polly, Edward Ratſey,	Cowes
	Ship Bezufain, Daniel Curling,	London
5th.	Ship Betſey & Polly, William Taggart,	Cowes
	Ship Port, Archibald Zuill,	Glaſgow
	Brig Dominique-Packet, Francis Stokes,	Dominique
	Snow Diamond, Joſeph Stanney,	Goſport
7th.	Ship Neptune, Patrick M'Kinly,	Glaſgow
	Brig Alexander, Samuel Watt,	Antigua
	Ship John-Galley, Thomas Hulme,	ditto

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-Morrow, (the 8th Inſtant) begins the Sale of the Houſe, Lands, Negroes, Schooners, &c. &c. belonging to Mr. John Marley, as adverti'ed in our two laſt Papers.

THE Negroes, Hogs, Sheep, &c. adverti'ed in this Paper for Sale at the Plantation of JOSEPH SCOTT, on Daniel's-Iſland, is put off.

THE Five Negroes, belonging to the Children of Mr. Thomas Waring, of Dorcheſter, deceaſed, adverti'ed by Humphry Sommers to be ſold the firſt Inſtant, is put off till Wedneſday the 23d.

BENJAMIN ROBERTS has Accommodations for ſix Boarders, who may depend on the beſt Uſage.---He will take Country Boarders.

Charles-Town, April 5, 1766.

THE Aſſeſſors and Collectors of the public Tax for the Pariſhes of St. Philip and St. Michael, will finiſh the Calculations of the Taxables in the ſaid Pariſhes by Tueſday the 29th Inſtant, and will put up a Duplicate thereof at the Guard-Houſe on Tueſday the Sixth of May, and for the ten following Days; during which Time they will attend at the Houſe of Mr. Eliſha Poinſett, from the Hours of Ten to Twelve in the Forenoon, and Three to Five in the Afternoon, in order that all Perſons reſident as well as non-reſident, who think themſelves over-rated, may ſwear off.

JOHN LLOYD,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
JOHN SNELLING,
GEORGE BEDON,
BENJAMIN BAKER.

WHEREAS ſeveral perſons who have been aſſeſſed by the commiſſioners of the ſtreets for the brick drains lately laid in Church-ſtreet, and for the ſeveral pavements laid as foot ways, have neglected to pay the ſums by them reſpectively due, *Notice is hereby given to the ſaid defaulters*, that executions will be iſſued immediately, after 14 days from the date, againſt all ſuch as ſhall then have neglected to pay. *By order of the commiſſioners,*

April 7, 1766. ELISHA POINSETT, Clerk.

For COWES or PORTSMOUTH, and the MARKETS,
The Ship CHARMING SALLY,
PETER RAINIER, Maſter.

BURTHEN about 800 Barrels of Rice. Any Perſon wanting to Freight her, may apply to the ſaid Maſter, or ROBERT RAPER.

ROBERT RAPER having adminiſtered on the Eſtate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, deceaſed, deſires all Perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate to pay off the ſame immediately without any further Notice.

TO BE SOLD for ready Money,

VERY good FLOUR at £. 3: 15s. per Hundred; Ship Bread at £. 4 per Hundred; and white Bread at 22s. & 6d. per Keg; all new, and juſt imported from NEW-YORK. Alſo Bar Iron at £. 6 per Hundred. WILLIAM BANBURY.

To be ſold, by EDWARD LIGHTWOOD, in TRADD-STREET,

FONTINIACK in Pint and Quart Bottles, MADEIRA and VIDONIA WINES in Bottles, or by the Gallon, old Brandy, beſt Holland Gin, Rum, Vinegar, Molaſſes, Oil Turpentine, Bermuda Cedar-Berry Syrup, Coffee, Tea, fine and courſe Salt, Flour, Bread, &c.

ATKINS & WESTON,

TAKES this opportunity of informing their friends, that they have very compleat aſſortments of goods both at their ſtores in Charleſtown and at Stono-bridge, which laſt place they determine to keep conſtantly well ſupplied with freſh goods, and the beſt of rum, wine, ſugar, ſalt, flour, &c. and that they will invariably ſell the ſame, at the very loweſt prices: And as they find keeping two ſtores ſo near each other to be attended with much perplexity, they have reſolved to diſpoſe of their ſtock of goods, houſhold furniture, &c. at Stono-Landing: As the purchaſe will be but ſmall, and the goods are very good, being lately imported, they will be ſold on very moderate terms. A deſcription of the place is altogether needleſs, having, for a conſiderable time, been eſteemed equal at leaſt to any in the province for a country ſtore; and their only reaſon for withdrawing to the bridge, is, that they had a leaſe of it before they moved into the other, which leaſe has yet ſome years to run.

For BRISTOL, to ſail within a Month,

THE Ship PRINCE-FREDERICK, *Valentine Baker*, Maſter, has the greateſt Part of her Cargo on board. For Freight of Indico, Deer-Skins, or other light Goods, or for Paſſage (having excellent Accommodations) apply to ſaid Maſter, or MIDDLETON, LISTON, & HOPE.

April 3, 1766.

ON Wedneſday the 30th of April, will be ſold at the Houſe where Mr. Thomas Bolton, deceaſed, lived on the Bay, the ſaid Houſe, and Houſhold Furniture, conſiſting of Beds, Bedſteads, Tables, Chairs, &c. And as I intend to depart this Province with my Family by the Middle of May, I requeſt all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the ſaid Mr. Bolton, to make Payment before that Day, otherwiſe they will be ſued without Diſtinction.

JOHN LAMBELL.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subſcriber, a Lot of Land in Archdale-Street, front on the Street 48 and an half Feet, and 230 odd Feet deep, butting to the South on Land belonging to the Independant Meeting-Houſe, and to the North on Land belonging to the Dutch-Church. Titles may be ſeen in the Hands of

EDWARD JONES.

For BARBADOS,

THE Ship ANNE, WILLIAM CARTER, Maſter, will certainly ſail the firſt of May. For Paſſage apply to Meſſieurs PRICE, HEST, and HEAD, or ſaid Maſter, at Mr. Roper's Wharf.

THE Subſcriber being under a neceſſity of departing this province for England very ſoon, and as no regard has been paid to his former advertiſement, *This is once more to requeſt all perſons indebted to him, in Charles-Town, either by bond, note, or otherwiſe, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, as he is determined to put all accounts unſettled in ſuit, after the firſt of May 1766.*

SAMUEL GROVE.

N. B. Fine hyſon tea at 6l. 10 s. per lb. and one, one and an half, two, two and an half, and three gallon iron pots, at 6 l. 5s. per cwt. and fine 8/4 wide ſheeting linen and bed patterns at *eight for one*.

TO BE SOLD on Tueſday the 22d Inſtant, at Publick Vendue on the Spot, if a fair Day, if not the next fair Day,

A Plantation in St. James's, Gooſe-Creek, containing 566 acres, under good fencing, joining Mr. Thomas Bulline, John Moultrie, and Ralph Izard, Eſqrs. land, about 18 miles from Charleſtown, good for rice, corn, indico, &c. part of the land ready for planting, with two ſets of indico vats, a good dwelling houſe, barn, and other out-buildings: Alſo about TWENTY NEGROES, among which are a jobbing carpenter, a good man cook, together with a parcel of hogs, ſheep, cattle, houſhold furniture, plantation tools, &c. The conditions of the ſale will be credit till the firſt day of January next, paying intereſt from the date, and giving ſecurity if required. The ſale will begin exactly at ten o'clock.

April 7, 1766. LUKE STOUTENBURGH.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thurſday the 24th of April 1766, at the Plantation upon Spoonſavanah, *wherein the Widow* FERGUSON *now lives, in* St. Paul's *Pariſh*;

ALL the Eſtate of CHARLES FERGUSON, conſiſting of about THIRTY valuable SLAVES, a Stock of tame Cattle, ſeveral riding Horſes, Mares, and Colts, a Stock of Hogs, Houſhold Furniture, &c. The Conditions of the Sale is Caſh, the Property not to be altered until the purchaſe Money is paid to

THOMAS FERGUSON.

THOMAS WALL,

INTENDING to ſtay ſome time in this Town, continues to teach Ladies and Gentlemen the GUITTAR, upon his uſual Terms of One Guinea per Month, and the ſame Entrance, for which he gives twelve Leſſons (four more than are commonly given). Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Commands, by ſending to his Lodgings at Mr. Atkinſon's in Friend-ſtreet, the upper End of Broad-ſtreet, will be immediately waited on.

N. B. He will wait on Ladies and Gentlemen within ten Miles of Town twice a Week, on reaſonable Terms.

THOMAS NICOLSON, lately arrived from Scotland, begs leave to acquaint the Publick, that he will open a ſchool the 7th Inſtant April, at the houſe of Mr. James Johnſton, Baker, in Church-ſtreet, where he will teach FRENCH, LATIN, WRITING, and vulgar ARITHMETICK. Such as chuſe to be taught at their own lodgings, ſhall meet with punctual attendance. He is to be ſpoke with at Capt. Bowers's in Elliott-ſtreet.

N. B. As he is an entire Stranger in this Place, he is willing to ſubmit to an Examination of proper Judges.

RAN AWAY ſome Day laſt Week from my Plantation on James-Iſland, two German Servants, whoſe Times I lately purchaſed of Captain Winn, named CHRISTOPHER and LENA PENS. The Man is about 32 Years old, pitted with the Small-Pox, and five Feet eight Inches high: The Woman is about 18 Years old, and four Feet ſix Inches high. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and delivers them to me in Charleſtown, ſhall receive TWENTY POUNDS Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid, by

April 7, 1766. THOMAS VARDELL.

For LONDON, and the Markets, of the WEST-INDIES,
The Snow AMELIA,
WILLIAM ROWAND, Maſter.

BURTHEN about 600 Barrels of Rice. For Freight or Paſſage, having good Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter on board the Veſſel at Mayne's old Wharf, or at Mr. Samuel Wiſe's, in Tradd-ſtreet.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, a negro fellow named TRUMP, twenty-five years old, about five feet five inches high, born in the Weſt-Indies, and came laſt from the Bay of Honduras; had on a blue jacket and breeches, and a good hat. Whoever delivers the ſaid negro to John Gaſſer, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive Two Dollars reward. And the perſon who will give information of his being harboured by a white perſon, ſhall upon conviction of the offender, receive Ten Pounds currency; and if by a negro, Two Dollars, paid by

LEWIS LINDER.

TO COVER, this ſeaſon, at Mr. Samuel Elliott's plantation, at Cane-Acre, in St. Paul's pariſh, the thorough bred Engliſh Horſe DAFFODILL, at twenty-five pounds currency each mare, and a dollar to the groom. If any mare ſhould not prove with foal, ſhe may be ſent the next ſeaſon gratis.----N.B. The above mentioned horſe was got by Locuſt, his dam by old Regulus, his grand dam was own ſiſter to Mr. Panton's Widdrington mare, and got by old Partner. This is ſigned as a true pedigree by Lord Groveſnor.----All poſſible care will be taken of the mares, but Mr. Elliott will not be anſwerable for any that may be ſtolen or ſtray away.

Imported in the Sally, Capt. Schermerhorn, from New-York.

A Few Quarter Caſks of excellent red and white PORT WINES, New-York BEER and ALE, which is allowed by good Judges, to be the beſt ever made in America, and will be warranted to keep ſound in the Barrels throughout the Summer in this Province. To be ſold by BARNARD BEEKMAN.

STRAYED, or left by ſome perſon unknown, into my ſtable-yard, a grey horſe about 13 and an half hands high, branded lately on the mounting ſhoulder with an obſcure brand like 3 Z, and on the near buttock AP in one. The owner, or perſon that left ſaid horſe, is deſired to call and take him away immediately, and pay the expences, or he will be ſold according to law. WILLIAM HOLIDAY.

Wanted immediately,

A Healthy WET NURSE, white or black, of a good Character. Enquire of the Printer.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by VALENTINE WIGHTMAN, *at a Store on Col.* Beale's *Wharf*;

CHOICE Northward Rum, Flour, the beſt of Cordinle, Spermaceta Candles, Cheeſe, pickled Shad, &c. Alſo a very good Moſes Boat, fifteen Feet and an half long.

JOSEPH TURPIN,

In MARKET-SQUARE, the House formerly occupied by Mr. Daniel Cannon,

ACQUAINTS the Publick that he takes in Horses to stable by the Year or Day. Those who think proper to oblige him with their Custom, may depend on their Horses being kept in the best Manner, having seperate Stalls for each Horse, and a proper Hostler to attend on them.

THE subscriber has to dispose of two very valuable tracts of land, adjacent to each other, making together about one thousand and forty acres, well timbered, and quite convenient to a landing; the extent of the outline not above two miles from Wando-river, and some part of the land not above a mile where vessels commonly load with lumber. Whoever inclines to purchase may apply to Mr. Lewis Bockett, in St. Thomas's parish, where the plat may be seen, otherwise treat in Georgetown, with

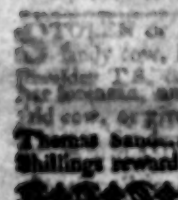
ANTHONY BONNEAU.

LOST, on the first instant, in Broad-street, a BLOOD STONE SEAL, set in gold. Whoever finds the same, and delivers it to the owner, who may be heard of at Crouch's printing-office in Elliott-street, shall be handsomely rewarded. If offered for sale, it is requested it may be stopped.----At the same place may be heard of a MOCO STONE RING, set in gold, found on Christmas day, by a negro wench. The owner may have it again on describing the marks, paying the cost of this advertisement, and rewarding the wench for her honesty.

RAN AWAY, sunday night, 16th February, 1766, from his Honour the Chief Justice, a low sized negro fellow, with his wife, and a female child two years old; the fellow is named JACK, is a fisherman, and used to attend at market; he wore a red cap, green jacket and trowsers, and sometimes white negro cloth jacket and trowsers; he had also an old brown cloth riding coat, with a velvet cape. DAPHNE, his wife, a lusty strong wench, had on a blue negro cloth gown and white negro cloth petticoat, and a jacket of white negro cloth over her gown; they have several things more that they have taken away with them. A reward of TEN POUNDS will be paid on their being lodged in the work-house, and if harboured by a white person, FIFTY POUNDS on conviction of the offender.

RAN AWAY, three months ago, from Charlestown, a black slim negro fellow named TOM, a tanner by trade, speaks bad English, and had on when he went away, a blue pea jacket with white lining, and osnaburg breeches. Five pounds reward will be paid the person that delivers said negro to Mr. Wm. Hinckley, in Charles-Town, and whoever will give information of his being harboured or employed by a white person, shall, on conviction of the offender, receive FIFTY POUNDS currency from

SAMUEL CHANLER.



rayed from the New-Barracks, a yellow-mixed with much white, branded on the left the right rump AH in one, has a star in her ears crept and bit. Whoever delivers information where she may be found, to Thomas [illegible], at the New-Barracks, shall receive Forty Shillings reward.

TO BE SOLD, *on Wednesday the 16th April, 1766, if a fair Day, if not, the next fair Day following, at my House in Broad-street, Charlestown*;

A Great Variety of very genteel Furniture and Plate; and a very handsome Chariot and Chair. WILLIAM BLAKE.

CHARNOCK & KING,

WILL now sell off any Part of their remaining Stock, at Nine for One. Credit to the first of January, 1767.

WEYMAN & CARNE,

INFORM their Friends, that they new Quick-Silver and Frame old Glasses, and removes all Spots and Stains which prevent them from regularly reflecting the Objects placed before them, at their LOOKING-GLASS SHOP IN QUEEN-STREET, near Mr. Holliday's (late Cannon's). They have imported an Assortment of Plate Glass, which they will dispose of either in Frames, or supply People to their own Frames.----Those who may be pleased to deal with them in the above-mentioned Business, or in any of the several Branches of CABINET-MAKING, they will be very much obliged to for their Custom.

GEORGE PARKER,

BEGS Leave to inform his Friends and Customers, that he is now removed his Store on the Bay into Church-Street, the Corner of Elliott-Street, lately possessed by Messrs. GLEN & SON; and hath imported in the last Vessels from LONDON and BRISTOL, a complete Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, proper for the present and approaching Season, which he will dispose off exactly TEN for ONE; and will be much obliged to his Friends, both in Town and in the Country, who may favour him with their Custom.----COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken in Payment.

N.B. He has an Assortment of best London Sail Cloth, from No. 1 to 7, Cordage, Grapnals, Quern Stones, Train and Linseed Oil, Paints of all Kinds, Green, Hyson and Bohea Tea, single and double refined Sugar, exceeding fine Coffee, with a great Variety of plain and embossed Paper Hangings, all new Patterns, just imported. Also a Variety of Pictures, &c. &c. which he will sell very cheap.

SEVERAL neat MAPLE DESKS, to be sold cheap by CHARLES CROUCH, at his House in Elliott-street.---Also, several Boxes of Mold Tallow Candles.

TWO neat Mahogany Desks to be sold cheap by *Charles Crouch*, in Elliott-street.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber on Wadmelah-Island, three tracts of land, either all together or seperate, each tract very pleasantly situated on Bohicket River, about three miles from South-Edisto Inlet, and very handy for any person to tend the Charlestown market. The three tracts containing 1112 acres, old measure, and about 100 acres can be fenced in with a very short fence; having two dwelling houses, and all other out-houses thereon. Two settled plantations, under good fence; the above tracts exceeding good as any in the province for indico, corn or rice. Any person or persons that is inclinable to purchase any of the above land, may treat with me on Wadmelah. JOHN SAMS.

A Silver WATCH

WAS lost the 27th of *March* instant, in Mr. *Holliday*'s Garden, maker's Name HELOT, London; on the inside Case 226. Whoever has found, and will bring her to Mr. *Holliday*, shall be well rewarded. I.S.

ROBERT KNOX,

On the Bay, Charlestown, opposite Messrs. Burn and Cunningham's Wharf,

INTENDS following the Factors Business, and will be much obliged to those who may think proper to favour him with their Commands. ------ He also takes in Boarders and Lodgers, who may depend on the best Usage.

JUST arrived in the Ship *Prince of Wales*, *James Eggar*, Master, WILLIAM BEATTY, Merchant and Linen-Draper, from *Belfast*; who has to dispose of the Times of Twenty-one SERVANTS, among whom are nine Women, Sempstresses, Knitters, and two Cooks; some young Men, among whom are Mechanicks, who can write good Hands, and can be recommended to the Purchaser.

He has likewise to sell, a Parcel of Linen, well manufactured, and bleached in the best and safest Manner. Enquire for said BEATTY, at Messrs. *Torrant, Poaug*, & Co. Store, or at his Lodgings at Captain *Foskey's*, in Church-street.

TO BE SOLD, exceeding good Hand pick'd INDICO SEED, fresh beat-out, and warranted to be good. Apply to

STEDMAN & BOOMER.

For LONDON, to sail in a Month,

THE Ship LITTLE-CARPENTER, JOHN MUIR, Master. For Freight of Indico and Skins, or for Passage, apply to said Master, or

HENRY & ARTHUR PERONNEAU.

March 25, 1766.

SHOP and Binicle Candles, Myrtle Wax, Tallow and moulded ditto, Northward and West-India Rum, well preserved Orange Juice, Cheese, Salt, Cranberries, Soap and many other Articles, sold in the Store N° 4, upon Col. Beale's Wharf, Wholesale or Retail, by

ROBERT RAWLINS.

PERDRIAU & FABRE,

HAVE on Hand a neat Assortment of GOODS, lately imported, which they will dispose of on reasonable Terms, and give the usual Credit. Any Person inclined to purchase the Whole, may have them cheap, with some Credit, giving good Security.

They desire all Persons any ways indebted to them, to discharge the same, or settle to their Satisfaction, by the first of June next at farthest, at which Time their Co-partnership expires, and none must expect farther Indulgence.

BOTTLED Cyder----Perry---Dorchester Ale---- Gloucester Cheese ----- common and super fine Philadelphia Flour--ship Bread --white Biskет in Kegs--and Northward Rum, to be sold reasonably, by

BREWTON & SMITH.

Who have an Assortment of EUROPEAN GOODS in Packages, which they will sell, to any Person who will take the WHOLE, for the *prime Cost in London*, or for Eight for One, upon the prime Cost, payable next Winter.

THE Subscriber having lately purchased a Tract of Land in Christ-Church Parish, situated between Mr. Motte's Country Seat called Mount-Pleasant, and Mr. Haddrell's Estate, proposes to lay out the Front Part thereof into Lots, of about one Acre each, for the Use and Convenience of Gentlemen in Town and Country, who may chuse to become Purchasers: As no Spot in the Province can exceed this for Healthiness and pleasant Situation, and so remarkably well known, as scarcely to need a Description; but, however, as there may be some persons, who possibly may be in want of such a Place of Retirement, unacquainted with it, a small sketch of some of the natural Advantages thereof may not be amiss.

1st, Extraordinary good Water which, upon repeated Trials, Chymically and Domestically, has been found to equal if not exceed any in the Province.

2d, A pure Air and South Aspect, without the least Marsh on the Front; a full view of the Sea, and of the Shipping in Rebellion-Road, and of the Front of Charlestown: Three Miles from Town, and Five from the Parish Church.

3d, The best Oysters and Salt Water Fish in the Province are got near it.

An agreeable House or two of Entertainment would be of infinite Service here, for the Accommodation of sickly Persons, and perhaps keep many thousand Pounds yearly in the Province, which is now consumed in other Parts of the World, by People who go Abroad solely for the Recovery of their Health. As this Spot has been always esteemed the most healthy Part of the Province, the Advantages of a Retreat here, in Times when contagious Diseases rage in Town, must be obvious to all.

As the Land will not admit of above eighteen Lots, there will be reserved fifty Acres back for a Common as Pasturage for the same. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with the Subscriber, in whose Hands the Plan of the Lots may be seen. JONATHAN SCOTT.

PAINTING and GILDING in all its various Branches, viz. Coach, Sign, House and Ship Painting, performed in the neatest and best Manner, by

GEORGE HARRIS, from LONDON.

ORNAMENTS for Chaises, Chairs, &c. painted in the most elegant Manner; Venetian and other Window Blinds ready made and painted.------He hopes to convince those who may please to favour him with their Commands, both by his Work and Price, that he is not a pretender to the Trade. Please to enquire for him at Mr. BLOTT's, in Meeting-street.

A Variety of elegant Japan Tea Waiters, to be sold at first Cost.

MARY SCOUVEMONT, Milliner, from PARIS, makes and sells the following Articles, by Wholesale and Retail, viz.

FRENCH Trimmings and Toffells of all Kinds for Ladies Gowns, dressed Caps, Lappets, Pouge, with all Sorts of other Dress that can be had in her Business. ----Also an Assortment of Ribands, Cardinals, Hats, &c. lately imported, to be sold at her Shop in Meeting-street, opposite Daniel Blake, Esq's. new House, near the STATE-HOUSE.

TAKEN UP, on Friday the 14th of March, from the marsh opposite to Back-River, a CANOE, 28 feet and an half long, 3 feet and an half wide, rows with three oars, and appears to be almost new, or rather lately rebuilt. The person that can prove his property to her, by paying a small charge, may have her again, from JOSIAH SMITH, jun.

Who will let out to hire by the month or year, Mr. Samuel Eveleigh's negro man WILL.---He has been long used to the packing of deer-skins, and of late employed in the business of a wharf porter.

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation, consisting of three tracts of land, beautifully situated on Waccamaw-river, about seven miles from Georgetown, either by land or water, containing 624 acres, old measure; the tract on the neck runs from river to sea, has some good sea-shore indico land on it, a good new dwelling-house with two brick chimnies, and other out conveniences; the other two tracts are swamp land; one island just across the river, containing by estimation about 270 acres of as good lands as any in the province, late the property of Dr. Alexander M'Dowall, deceased. Whoever inclines to purchase, may see the deeds and titles in the hands of Thomas Godfrey in George-Town, and treat with

GEORGE-GAB. POWELL,)
WILLIAM ALLSTON,) Execrs.
THOMAS GODFREY,)

All persons indebted to the said estate are desired to make payment by the first day of May next, as on failure they may depend on finding their accounts in the hands of an attorney at law, without further notice; and those to whom it is indebted (particularly the bond creditors) to send in their accounts by that day.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE,

Jan. 9, 1766. A new Negro Fellow of the Papa Country, calls himself DUBAU, marked in the Face with his Country Marks, and has on white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up at Stono.

February 12*th*. A Negro Fellow of the Ebo Country named JOE, a little yellowish, formerly the Property of Mr. Charles Main, deceased, but now belonging to Mr. David Murray, in Georgia, who formerly lived at the Indian-Land; the Fellow is all in Rags. Taken up near Combahee-Bridge.

March 6. A negro fellow, a little yellowish in the face, says his name is CHARLES PALMER, and was born in Spanish-Town, in one Mr. Burden's house, in Serpent-street, Jamaica, and is free, but has no certificate to shew for his freedom; that he did belong to his majesty's ship Mercury, Samuel Goodall, Esq; commander, five years; and since has been on the coast of Africa in the snow Dispatch, capt. Walter Taylor: He is about 35 years of age, has two large scars across his breast, and a brand on his right shoulder like TR in one, not very plain. Taken up in the night of the 5th instant, in Charlestown, by the watch.

March 11. A mustee fellow, that calls himself SAM SCOTT, and pretends to be free; he formerly belonged to George Allison, on the upper Indian-Land, was sold by him to one Herman Hurst, that afterwards sold him to one David Jugenie, at Great-Ogeechee, co-partner with Joseph Wright, at Savannah in Georgia: He has on blue cloth cloaths, turned up with red, and hath a scar in his head which he says came by the kick of a horse.

March 28. A young new negro lad who calls himself JACK, but can't tell his master's name, has on old white negro cloth jacket and breeches, with white metal buttons: Taken up near Mr. Cantle's, at Goose-Creek.

March 29. A tall new negro fellow of the Mandingo country, named SAUL, speaks no English, has on a green jacket, and an old piece of blanket. Taken up on the path a little ways out of town.

April 4. A well set new negro fellow of the Yalunka country, who calls himself SIMON, but can't tell his master's name, has on old white negro cloth jacket and breeches, a scar on his upper lip, with filed teeth. Taken up at Mr. Whitemarsh Fuller's plantation on Ashley-River.

TO BE LET,

THE Front Store, Compting-Room, and Cellar, of the House where CHARLES CROUCH now lives in, at £. 150 per Annum.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and
Country Journal, TUESDAY, April 8, 1766. [No. 17.]

THREE handy young Wenches to be hired out by the Year. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD very cheap, for Cash or short Credit,

BEST single and FF Gun Powder, just imported in the Ship Nancy, John Parker, Master, from London, also Linseed Oil in Casks, at 25 s. per Gallon, and Glauber Salts, at 10 l. per Cwt. by PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.

Wanted immediately,

A Wet Nurse, either white or black, without a Child, and a good Character, for which good Wages will be given. Enquire of the Printer.

MR. ALEXANDER TAYLOR being uncertain when he may return to this Province; Notice is hereby given, that sundry valuable NEGROES, his Property, consisting of four Men bred to the Taylors Trade, a stout Lad that has worked some time at said Trade, three House Wenches, &c. will be sold by publick vendue, at the usual place in Charlestown, on Thursday the 10th day of April, 1766.---- Credit will be given to the 1st of January 1767, paying interest from the day of sale, with approved security.

To be sold at publick Vendue,

At the usual place in Charlestown, on thursday the 24th of April, 1766.

A Parcel of plantation SLAVES, belonging to the estate of JAMES ASH, deceased, among whom are handy house wenches, a good cooper, and a pair sawyers. The condition of the sale will be cash.

RICHARD C. ASH,)
JOHN ASH,) Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A Good Billiard Table, with a new Cloth, Sticks, Balls, &c. For Particulars, enquire of *Charles Crouch*, in Elliott-street.

TO BE SOLD, at BALGUY LITTLEWOOD's *store, next door to Dr. Lovcock's, in Broad-street,*

CROSS-CUT and whip Saws, from 3 l. 10 s. to 6 l. 10 s. hand saws from 15 s. to 40 s. with variety of other edge tools, and goods, on the most reasonable terms.

FOUND, on sunday last, a STAY HOOK, and some time ago, a SILVER TABLE SPOON: Those who own them may apply to Thomas Smith in Broad-street, who will reward any person that will return a small gun, which was taken away a month or six weeks ago.

ALL persons having demands against the estate of Richard Bedon, late of Ashley-river, deceased, are desired, by his executors, to make known the same; and those indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to me, there being a necessity for settling the concerns thereof. WILLIAM LOGAN.

STARLING,

WILL cover this Season at Mr. Moultrie's Plantation, in St. John's Parish, at Five Pounds Sterling each Mare, and a Dollar to the Groom. Any Mare that shall not prove with Foal may be sent next Season gratis.--- Good Pasturage and great Care will be taken of the Mares. HUGH M'WATERS, Groom.

MARTIN RAMELY,

HOUSE-CARPENTER and JOINER, in Jeans's-Alley,

EXecutes said Business in all its Branches, and will wainscot Rooms on the most easy Terms.---- Gentlemen who may be pleased to employ him, may depend on having their work well done, and cheaper than any where else in Town.

BROKE loose on Thursday the 13th of March 1766, *from Mr.* PRICE's *Wharf, a small Boat, which will carry about* 30 *Barrels of Rice. She had her Sails, Oars, &c. on board, besides several little Articles in the Cabin.------ Whoever has secured her, and will give Notice thereof to the Printer of this Paper, shall receive* TEN POUNDS *Reward.------ She is supposed to have been driven up* Cooper-River.

DANIEL CANNON informs me of a brown Horse 12 and an half hands high, wall eyes, near foot behind white, a small star and snip in his face, switch tail and hanging mane, six years old, brand not distinguishable. The owner may prove his property before

March 21, 1766. FENWICK BULL. J. P.

JOSEPH ATKINSON,

Tallow-Chandler and Soap-Boiler, in Friend-street,

HAS a large quantity of fine pickled English WALNUTS, which he will sell extremely cheap, either together or in small quantities.

NATHANIEL BULLINE informs me of the following strays at his plantation on Charlestown neck, viz. A pale red cow, with a crop in her left ear, the right with two keels, and blotch brand: One other cow speckled, branded OC in one, with a crop in her left ear. Also a bay horse, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder T: And a grey horse, about 13 hands high, having no visible brand. The owners must apply to

March 21, 1766. JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

WEDNESDAY the 16th April 1766, being a general meeting of the FELLOWSHIP-SOCIETY, the members are desired to give their attendance at the house of Mr. William Holiday, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, agreeable to the rules, to choose officers, and perform the other necessary business peculiar to their benevolence.

By order of the Society,
GEORGE MYLNE, Secry.

Charles-Town, March 11, 1766.

THIS Day his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor was pleased to give his Assent to "*An Act, for restraining "the Exportation of Indian Corn, and Pease, for the Time "therein limited.*" By this Act (which takes place immediately) a Penalty of One Hundred Pounds, Proclamation Money, is laid upon any Person who shall export Corn or Pease at any Time within seven Months from the passing thereof, except only such Persons who shall export those Commodities for the Use of Negroes, the Property of the Inhabitants of this Province, that have been or shall be sent to East-Florida and Georgia.

Wanted on Freight,

To load at NEWBERN, in North-Carolina, for LONDON,

A HANDY Vessel, that will not exceed ten Feet draught of Water when loaded: The greatest Dispatch will be given by

PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.

Who likewise want two thousand pounds weight of Deer-Skins, for which cash will be given.

THE high bred English *Horse* CENTINEL, *will begin to Cover for the Season, April the* 10th, *at Mr.* Robert Gibbes's *Plantation on* John's Island, *at* Thirty-five Pounds *each Mare, and* Two Dollars *to the Groom. The Money to be paid before the Mares are covered. Good Pasturage (securely fenced) for the Mares; but Mr.* Gibbes *will not be answerable for any Mares that may break out.*

CENTINEL *is full* 15 *Hands and an half high---is rising eight Years of age--- beautifully proportioned, and esteemed by Judges one of the finest Horses ever brought into America.*

FRANCIS GREENSWORD.

TO BE LETT,

THE new Brick-House in Tradd-Street, at present possessed by Arthur Middleton, Esq. For particulars enquire of the subscriber, who has lately imported in several vessels from London, An assortment of Plate and Jewellery Work, which, with the other goods, continue to be sold off at Eight for One, Cash. Those persons who have bought goods from him at the cash price are desired to pay them; as also, those whose credit accounts are due. JOHN PAUL GRIMKE.

STOLEN.

A Damask Table Cloth, with a Coat of Arms woven in the Middle, and a Crest in each Corner, Motto *Spernit fallere*. Whoever will bring the same to the Printer hereof, shall be rewarded. And any Person giving such Evidence as will convict the Thief, shall receive *Fifty Pounds* Currency.

THE Subscriber desires that no Person will for the future, trust any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or upon his Account, without a written Order from him; being determined from this Day not to pay any Debts that may hereafter be contracted, without such Orders. Charles-Town, *March* 22, 1766. CHARLES STOTHER.

A very convenient House in Broad-street, is to be let, fit either for publick or private Business, having good Stables, and other Conveniencies. Enquire of said Charles Strother.

TO BE SOLD cheap, at Livingston & Champney's *Wharf,*

NOrthward Rum, pickled Shad, Cyder in Barrels, Bar Iron, Apples in Barrels, Onions, Train Oil in Barrels, Spermaceti Candles, Iron Pots and Kettles, by DRAPER TOMAN.

JUST IMPORTED,

AN Assortment of Irish Linens, printed Cottons, and bleached Cottons; 3-4th, 7-8th, yard, and 3-8th Linen Checks; 7-8th & yard wide Cotton Checks: blue and white Furniture Check; Linen, Cotton and Linen striped Hollands; black Silk Everlasting; black Manchester Velvet; Silk Stockings; Loaf Sugar; and bottled Beer; which will be sold on reasonable Terms, at Messrs. Charnock and King's Back-Store, through the Back-Gate in Bedon's-Alley, by

ROBERT & NATHANIEL STOTT.

Charles-Town, March 1, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the Act for regulating the Assize of BREAD, I have enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that made in and imported from the Northern Colonies to be at *Five Pounds* per 100 *lb.* and that made in this Province at *Four Pounds* per 100 *lb.* at which Prices the Half Crown Loaves must weigh, when Flour is at *Five Pounds* per Hundred Weight;

White 2 lb. Wheaten 3 lb. Household 4 lb.

At *Four Pounds* per Hundred Weight.

White 2 lb. 8 oz. Wheaten 3 lb. 12 oz. Household 5 lb.

JACOB MOTTE, *Public-Treasurer.*

At the Sign of the STATE-COACH, behind St. Philip's Church.

HAWES & LAUGHTON,

PERFORM the coach and coach-harness businesses in all their various branches, viz. *Coaches, Chariots, Phætons, four wheel Chaises, Post-Chaises, Italian and Chinese Chairs, Sedan Chairs in the newest fashion, the harness made of the best leather, and will be found, upon trial, superior to those imported.* --- Likewise the wheelwright's business, viz. *Waggons, Carts, Drays, Trucks, Wheelbarrows, Ploughs, &c.* carried on at the same place, by UZ. ROGERS, who has a model for the more easy conveying rice, lumber, &c. from plantations to their landings.

Country Produce will be taken in Payments.

N. B. A neat London made Curricle with steel-springs, and two second hand Riding-Chairs, to be disposed of, or let by the day or month.

SAMUEL WEST informs me that there is on his farm near the Quarter-House, a small black gelding, about 13 hands high, with a bald face, and three white feet, both his buttocks have been much burnt, and branded on the mounting shoulder somewhat like a chain-shot. Whoever owns him, may prove his property before me

JAMES PARSONS, J. P.

THESE are to inform the Publick, That I have been afflicted for 16 Months past with Rheumatick Pains in my right Leg, which rendered me incapable to attend my ordinary Business, and was at great Expence in applying to Doctors, but to no effect. I therefore applied to Mr. *James Wilson*, lately from *Scotland*, who has removed my Pains, and find myself in a fair way of Recovery; which Cure can be proved by several Gentlemen in this Town. *Given under my Hand, in Charlestown, the 26th of March*, 1766.

ALEXANDER FULLERTON.

N. B. Said Mr. *Wilson* may be spoke with at Captain *Bower's*, in Elliott-street.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of 600 Acres of good LAND, situated on a Branch of Saluda-River, called Half-Way Swamp, having some Improvements thereon. Whoever inclines to purchase the same, may apply to PETER BUTLER, Peruke-Maker, in Broad-street.

AS the subscriber intends to leave the province the beginning of May, he hopes that all those indebted to him will discharge the same; and those to whom he is indebted to bring in their accompts.

TO BE SOLD, on the 23d of April, at the House he lives in, opposite Mrs. Hoyland's, *in* Broad-street;

SOME household furniture, a negro woman who is a good cook and house wench, with her child three years old, a boy capable of looking after a horse or to attend in a house; some cedar boards and posts, and pine scantling. Two well built houses in Queen-street, with all conveniences; a stable, wash-house, and kitchen paved with brick; a chair house and hay-loft. Two tenements under one roof, lets for £. 260 per annum; and a corner house in King and Queen streets, convenient for a store, and the other houses joining convenient for a store-keeper to live in, opposite where Mr. William Bampfeild formerly lived. One, two or three years credit will be given for the houses, paying interest, and giving security. Any part to be sold at private sale. BENJAMIN BAKER.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY ON INTEREST,

ABOUT One Thousand Pounds Currency: For which sufficient Security will be given. Any Person having that Sum to let, are requested to give Notice thereof to the Printer of this Paper.

Just imported, and to be sold by VALENTINE WIGHTMAN, *at a Store on Col.* Beale's *Wharf*;

CHOICE Northward Rum, Flour, the best of Cordials, Spermaceta Candles, Cheese, pickled Shad, &c. Also a very good Moses Boat, fifteen Feet and an half long.

BENJAMIN HAWES,

Sells all sorts of OIL and COLOURS, dry and prepared, by Wholesale and Retail, viz.

WHITE and red lead,
Venetian red,
Stone, spruce, cake & English ochre,
Purple and Spanish brown,
Umber,
English, French, and distilled verdigrise,
Flake white,
Indian red,
Cullums earth,
Tarrawert,
Gold size and litharge,
Kings and Naples yellow,
Bister,
Blue bice,
Blue and green vediter,
English, Dutch & brown pink,
Carmine,
Vermilion,
Drop lake,
Prussian blue,
Yellow and red orpiment,
Sap green,
Gumbouge,
White copperas,
Shells of all colours,
Crayons of all colours,
Brushes and tools of all sorts,
Pencils of all kinds,
Pallat boards and knives,
Paint stones and mullers,
Red chalk,
India ink,
Blue black,
Florey black,
Ivory black,
Lump and powder lampblack,
Black lead,
Roll brimstone,
Powdered Dutch brass,
Gold and silver leaf,
Glue, size and whiting,
Hard and common varnish,
Red and white argil,
Nut galls,
French Berries,
Chip and ground logwood,
Linseed, drying, turpentine, nut, rape, palm, olive, Genoa, Florence, train, white, chamberlamb, neat-foot and fish oils,
Turpentine varnish, and oil of tar,
Rotten stone,
Pitch and tar,
Bees wax,
Hogs lard,
Black and yellow rosin,
Common turpentine,
Gum sandarack, arabeck, seneca, and dragon,
Fine calcind & stowing smalts,
Fig and flat indico,
Blacking balls,
Fullers earth,
Scouring paper,
Neat glass lanthorns,
Crown, Bristol, Newcastle and sheet glass, cut to any dimension,
Glaziers diamonds, &c. &c.

FLOOR CLOTHS of all sorts painted in a durable manner, and as neat as in London.

Said Hawes having a number of hands in the painting, glazing and plumming businesses, proposes to work as cheap as possible; in the mean-time, he requests those that have open accounts with him, to discharge the same immediately, else, when the courts open, their neglect may prove fatal to him.

STOCKER & JACKSON,

DESIRES all Persons indebted to the late Partnership of WISE & JACKSON, to discharge, or otherwise settle their Accounts, to their Satisfaction, before the first of March 1766.

CHARLES-STEVENS STOCKER,

DESIRES all Persons indebted to him to discharge their Accounts, or otherwise settle to his Satisfaction, before the first of March 1766.

STOCKER & JACKSON,

Have just imported in the *Carolina Packet*, Capt. *Robson*, and the *Two Friends*, Capt. *Ball*, from *LONDON*, and the *Baltick Merchant*, Capt. *Clarkson*, from *BRISTOL*,

A LARGE and COMPLETE Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, suitable to the present and approaching Season; which, with CHOICE Madera and Vidonia WINES, by the Pipe, Quarter Cask, or in any Quantity not less than three Gallons, and by the Dozen Bottles, Jamaica, West-India, and Northward RUM, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, Loaf and Muscovado SUGAR, SALT, a large Assortment of Family MEDICINES, Ship Bread, Flour in Barrels and Kegs, Biskets, &c. to be sold at their Store in *Charlestown*, and at *Crown-Point, STONO*, near the Bridge formerly Mr. *Rantowle's*, on very reasonable Terms.

N. B. Very fine HYSON TEA.

TO BE SOLD,

A Negro Wench that is a good Cook and Washer. And a Negro Bricklayer to be hired out by the Month or Year. Enquire at the Printing-Office in Elliott-street.